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# Test 3

Calculus of Trigonometric Functions Discrete Random Variables Binomial Distributions

Semester One 2018

Year 12 Mathematics Methods Calculator Assumed

Name: CHENG / Version 2	Teacher:
Date: Wed 2 <sup>nd</sup> May	Mr McClelland  Mrs. Carter  Mr Gannon
You may have a formula sheet for this section of the test. Classpad Calculators 1 page of Notes	Ms Cheng Mr Staffe Mr Strain
Total/41 45 minutes +5 minutes READING	
Question 1	(5 marks)
The discrete random variable $\boldsymbol{X}$ has the probability distribution shown in the table below.	

2

1 + 2a

3

 $4a^2$ 

Determine the value of the constant a.

P(X = x)

0

 $2a^2$ 

3

1

1 - 3a

3

(8 marks)

(a) Differentiate  $e^{-3x}\sin(2x)$  with respect to x, showing full working.

(2 marks)

(b) Hence find the following indefinite integral.

(3 marks)

$$-3\int e^{-3x}\sin(2x)\,dx + 2\int e^{-3x}\cos(2x)\,dx.$$

And using a similar process as part (a), find the indefinite integral for

$$-3\int e^{-3x}\cos(2x)\,dx - 2\int e^{-3x}\sin(2x)\,dx.$$

(c) Use the two equations from (b) to determine  $\int e^{-3x} \sin(2x) dx$ .

(3 marks)

(6 marks)

Differentiate with respect to x, (show full working)

(a) 
$$y = \sin^3(2x+1)$$
.

(3 marks)

Evaluate the following, showing full working.

$$\text{(b)} \quad \int_{\pi/6}^{\pi/2} \cos(2x) \, dx$$

(3 marks)

(9 marks)

75% of the avocados produced by a farm are known to be first grade, the rest being second grade. Trays of 24 avocados are filled at random in a packing shed and sent to market.

Let the random variable X be the number of first grade avocados in a single tray.

Explain why X is a discrete random variable, and identify its probability distribution. (a)

(2 marks)

Calculate the mean and standard deviation of X. (b)

(2 marks)

- Determine the probability that a randomly chosen tray contains (c)
  - (i) 18 first grade avocados.

(1 mark)

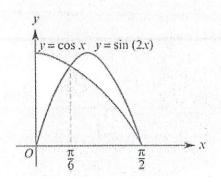
more than 15 but less than 20 first grade avocados. (ii)

(2 marks)

In a random sample of 1000 trays, how many trays are likely to have fewer first grade than (d) second grade avocados. (2 marks)

(4 marks)

Find the area between the two curves from  $0 \le x \le \frac{\pi}{2}$ , showing full algebraic reasoning.



(9 marks)

- (a) A sample of six objects is to be drawn from a large population in which 20% of the objects are defective. Find the probability that the sample contains:
  - (i) three defectives.

(2 marks)

(ii) fewer than three defectives.

(2 marks)

- (b) Another large population contains a proportion p of defective items.
  - (i) Write down an expression in terms of *p* for *P*, the probability that a sample of six items contains exactly two defectives. (2 marks)
  - (ii) By differentiating to find  $\frac{dP}{dp}$ , show that P is greatest when  $p = \frac{1}{3}$ . (3 marks)

